



ADOPT
PREDICT. INFORM. ENGAGE.

The adoption and diffusion outcome prediction tool

Adoption report for:

2-Sm@RT_ADOPT Results UK workshop – Group 2 (6 participants)
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Project Details

MODEL

Standard

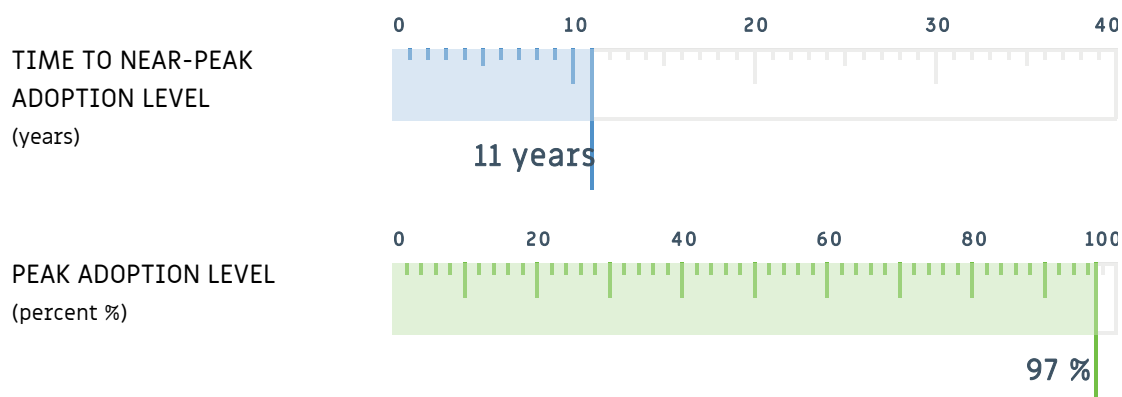
YOUR INNOVATION

EID stick reader

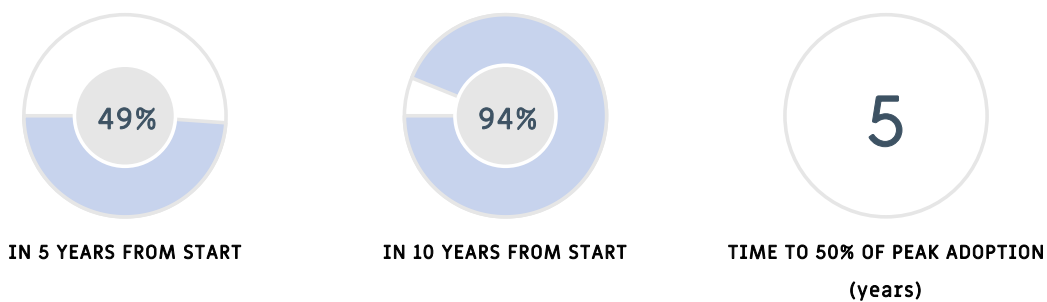
YOUR POPULATION

Scottish sheep meat farmers Group 2 details: (5 farmers & 1 advisor)

Adoption Level



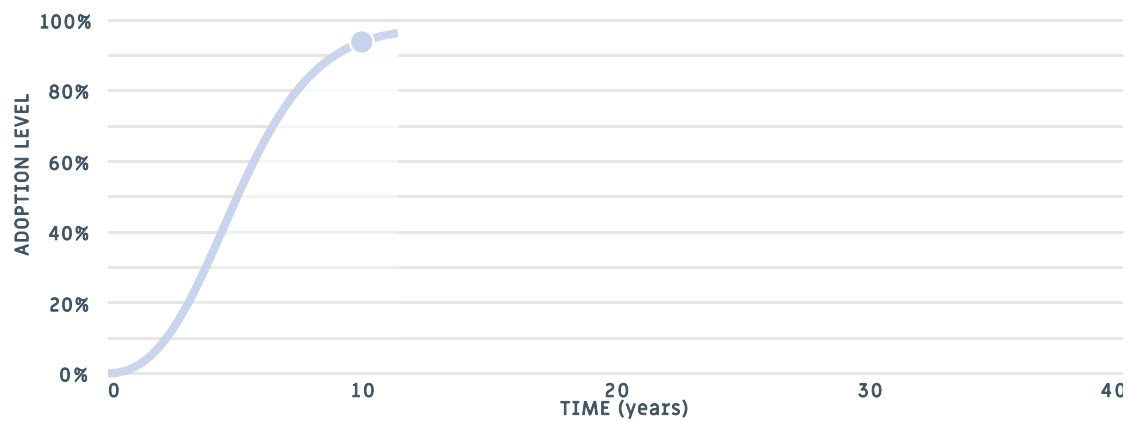
Predicted adoption levels



NOTES: The predictions of Peak Adoption Level and Time to Peak Adoption Level are numeric outputs that are provided to assist with insight and understanding and like any forecasts should be used with caution. Time to Near Peak Adoption represents the time to 99% of the maximum predicted adoption level.

Adoption level S-Curve

The following chart shows how the level of adoption in the relevant population of farmers changes over time.



Yearly Adoption Levels

Year	Adoption %
1	2
2	7
3	18
4	32
5	49
6	64
7	76
8	85
9	90
10	94
11	96

(Peak Adoption)

Changing the adoption levels

Many of the factors can be changed by activities such as extension. Based on the data entered, the ADOPT model suggests that changing the following factors would have the biggest effect on adoption.

Changing the peak adoption level

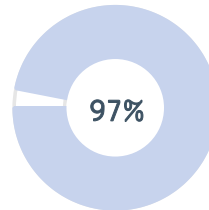
MOST SENSITIVE QUESTION

④ Enterprise scale

On what proportion of the target farms is there a major enterprise that could benefit from the innovation?

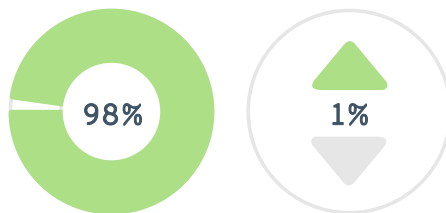
YOUR RESPONSE

A majority of the target farms have a major enterprise that could benefit



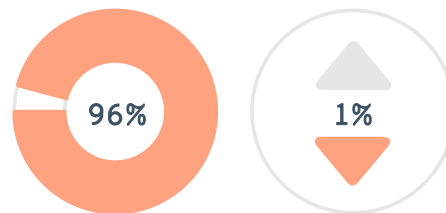
STEP UP RESPONSE

Almost all of the target farms have a major enterprise that could benefit



STEP DOWN RESPONSE

About half of the target farms have a major enterprise that could benefit



Changing the time to peak adoption level

MOST SENSITIVE QUESTION

⑦ Trialable

How easily can the innovation (or significant components of it) be trialled on a limited basis before a decision is made to adopt it on a larger scale?

YOUR RESPONSE

Easily triable



STEP UP RESPONSE

Very easily triable



STEP DOWN RESPONSE

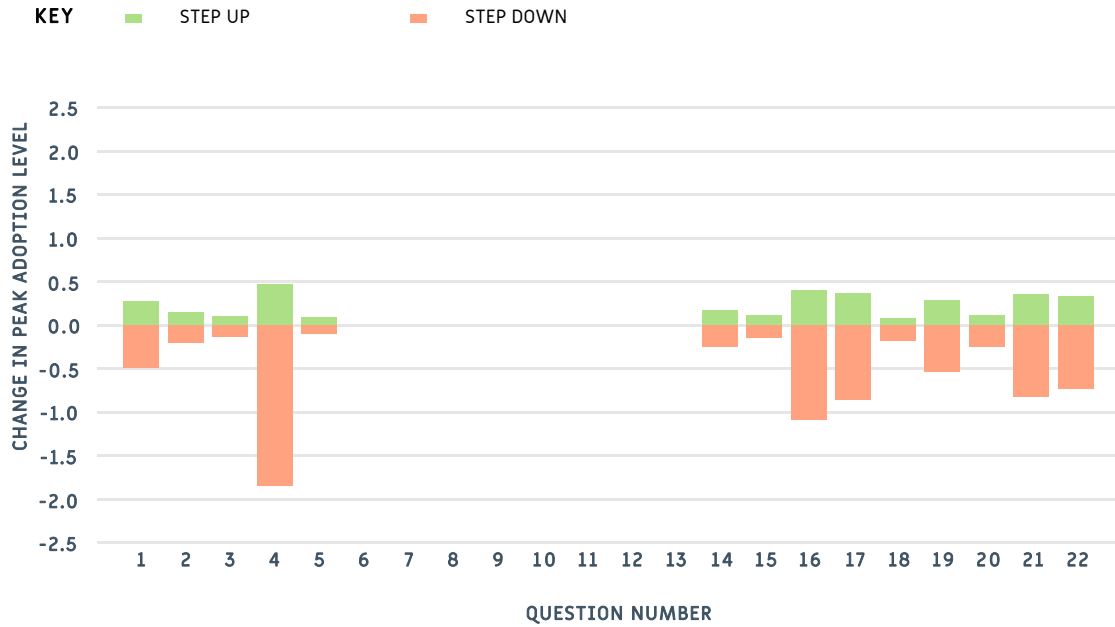
Moderately triable



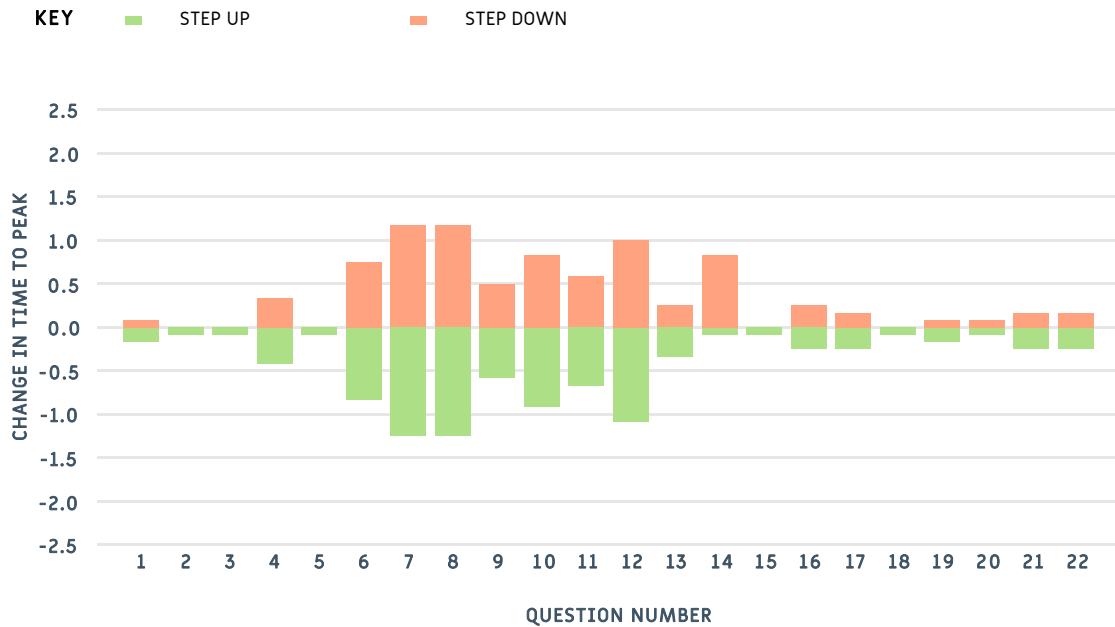
Sensitivity Analysis

The following charts show the effects on Peak Adoption Level and Time to Peak Adoption of single step changes up and down for all questions.

Peak level, sensitivity analysis

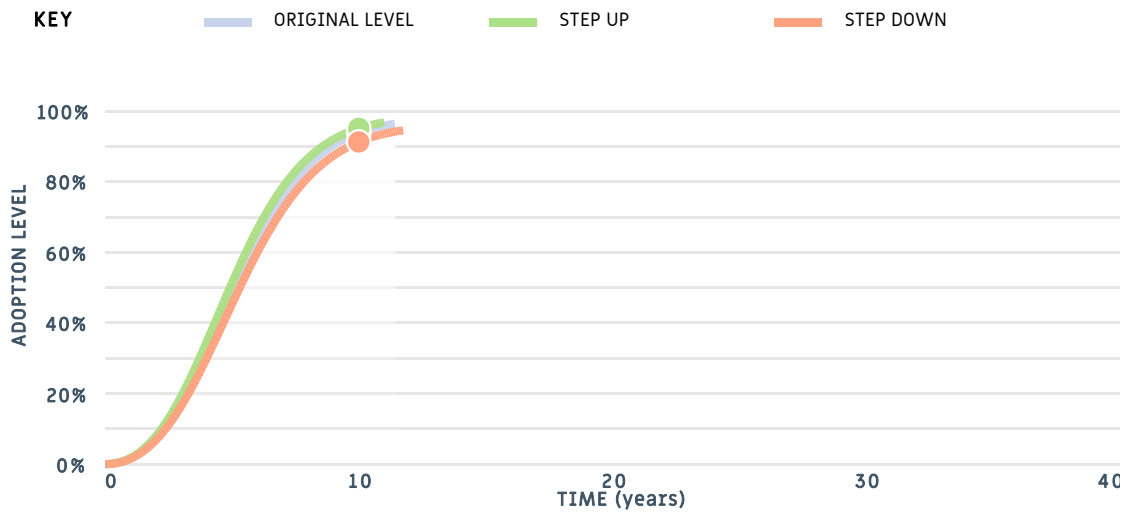


Time to peak, sensitivity analysis

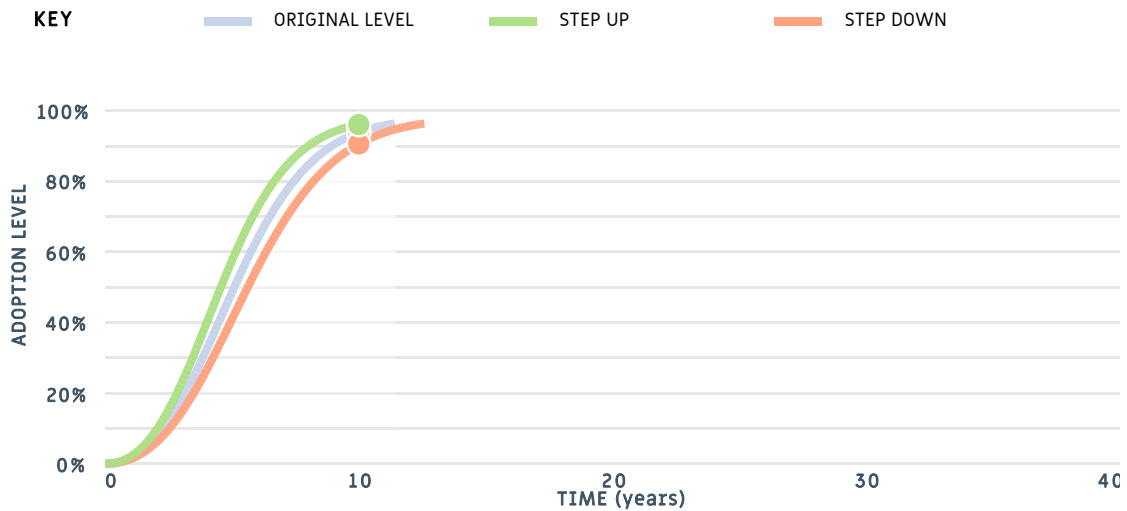


S-Curve Sensitivity

The following chart shows how the S-Curve is predicted to change when a single step change is made to the most sensitive question(s) with respect to Peak Adoption Level



The following chart shows how the S-Curve is predicted to change when a single step change is made to the most sensitive question(s) with respect to Time to Near Peak Adoption.



Responses

Question	Response	Reasoning
Relative Advantage for the Population		
1. Profit orientation	A majority have maximising profit as a strong motivation	
2. Environmental orientation	A minority have protection of the environment as a strong motivation	
3. Risk orientation	A majority have risk minimisation as a strong motivation	
4. Enterprise scale	A majority of the target farms have a major enterprise that could benefit	
5. Management horizon	A minority have a long-term management horizon	
6. Short term constraints	A majority currently have a severe short-term financial constraint	
Learnability Characteristics of the Innovation		
7. Trialable	Easily trialable	
8. Innovation complexity	Moderately difficult to evaluate effects of use due to complexity	
9. Observability	Easily observable	
Learnability of Population		
10. Advisory support	A majority use a relevant advisor	
11. Group involvement	A minority are involved with a group that discusses farming	
12. Relevant existing skills & knowledge	A majority will need new skills and knowledge	
13. Innovation awareness	A minority are aware that it has been used or trialed in their district	

Relative Advantage of the Innovation

14. Relative upfront cost of the project	Moderate initial investment
15. Reversibility of the innovation	Easily reversed
16. Profit benefit in years that it is used	Moderate profit advantage in years that it is used
17. Future profit benefit	Moderate profit advantage in the future
18. Time until any future profit benefits are likely to be realised	1 - 2 years
19. Environmental costs & benefits	Moderate environmental advantage
20. Time to environmental benefit	3 - 5 years
21. Risk exposure	Moderate reduction in risk
22. Ease and convenience	Large increase in ease and convenience

ADOPT can be cited as: Kuehne G, Llewellyn R, Pannell D, Wilkinson R, Dolling P, Ouzman J, Ewing M (2017) Predicting farmer uptake of new agricultural practices: A tool for research, extension and policy, *Agricultural Systems* 156:115-125
<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.agsy.2017.06.007>

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